



# Examining the Effects of Tau-mediated Neurodegeneration on CircRNA Formation

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## Alzheimer's Disease Background

- Alzheimer's disease is characterized by intracellular neurofibrillary tangles composed of aggregates of the tau protein, placing it under the broader category of tauopathies.

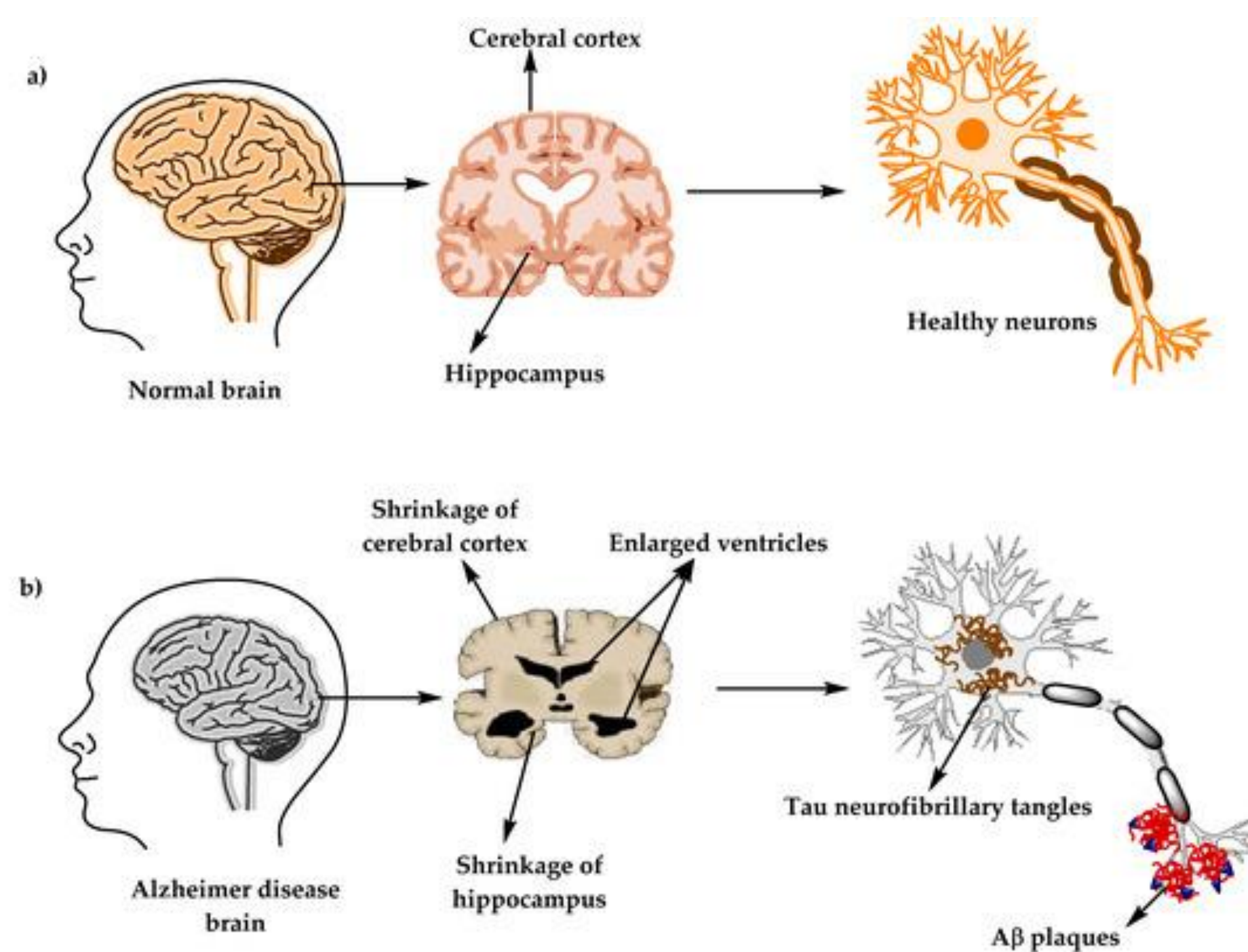


Figure 1. Alzheimer's Brains and Neurons contain Tau Neurofibrillary Tangles (Breijyeh and Karaman 2020).

## Tau aggregates cause neurodegeneration through effects on RNA splicing

- Tau aggregates act as "sinks" that sequester proteins and factors essential to RNA splicing

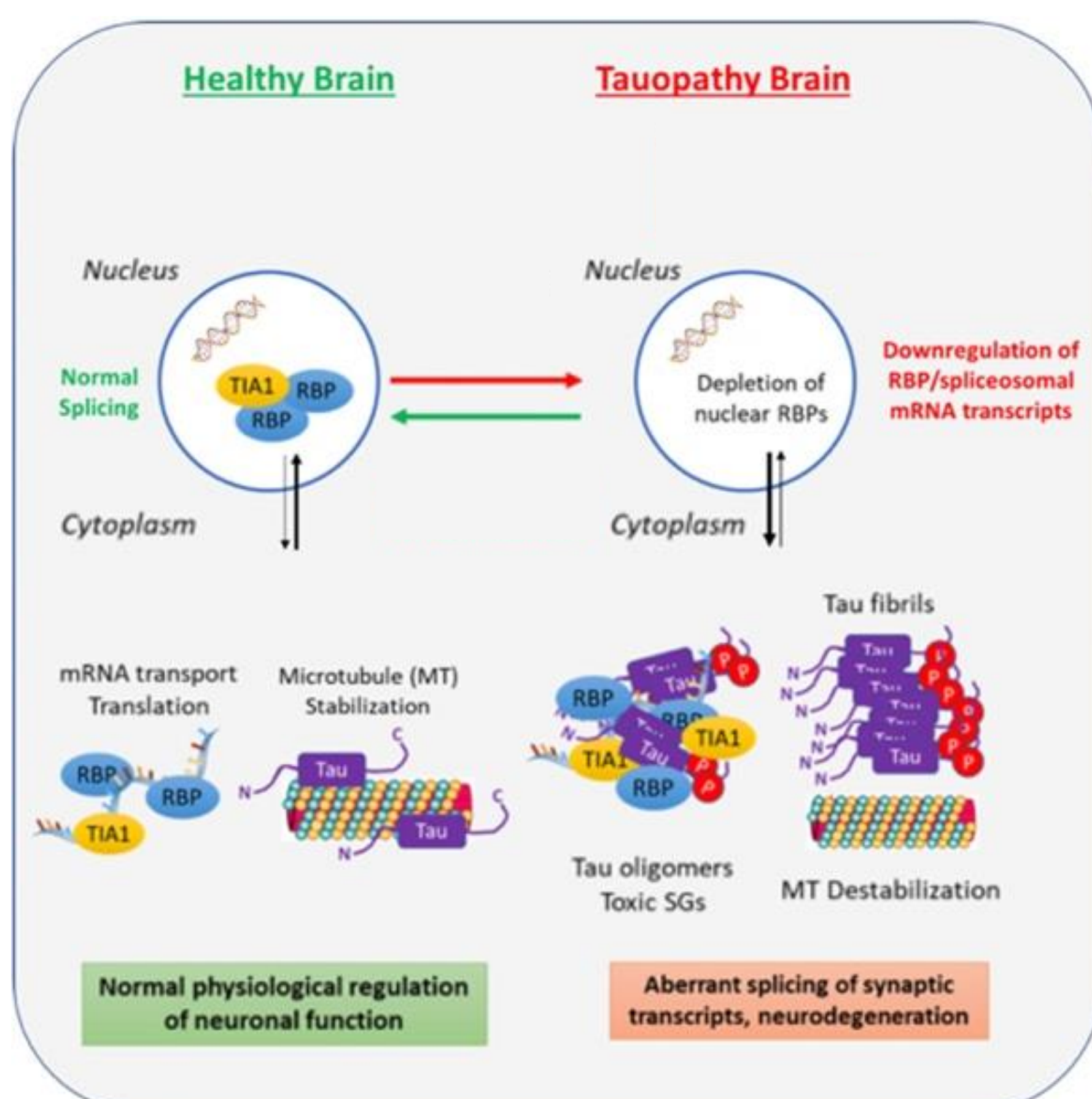


Figure 2. Tau Aggregates Sequester Essential Splicing Factors (Apicco et al., 2019)

## RNA splicing is a key step in gene expression

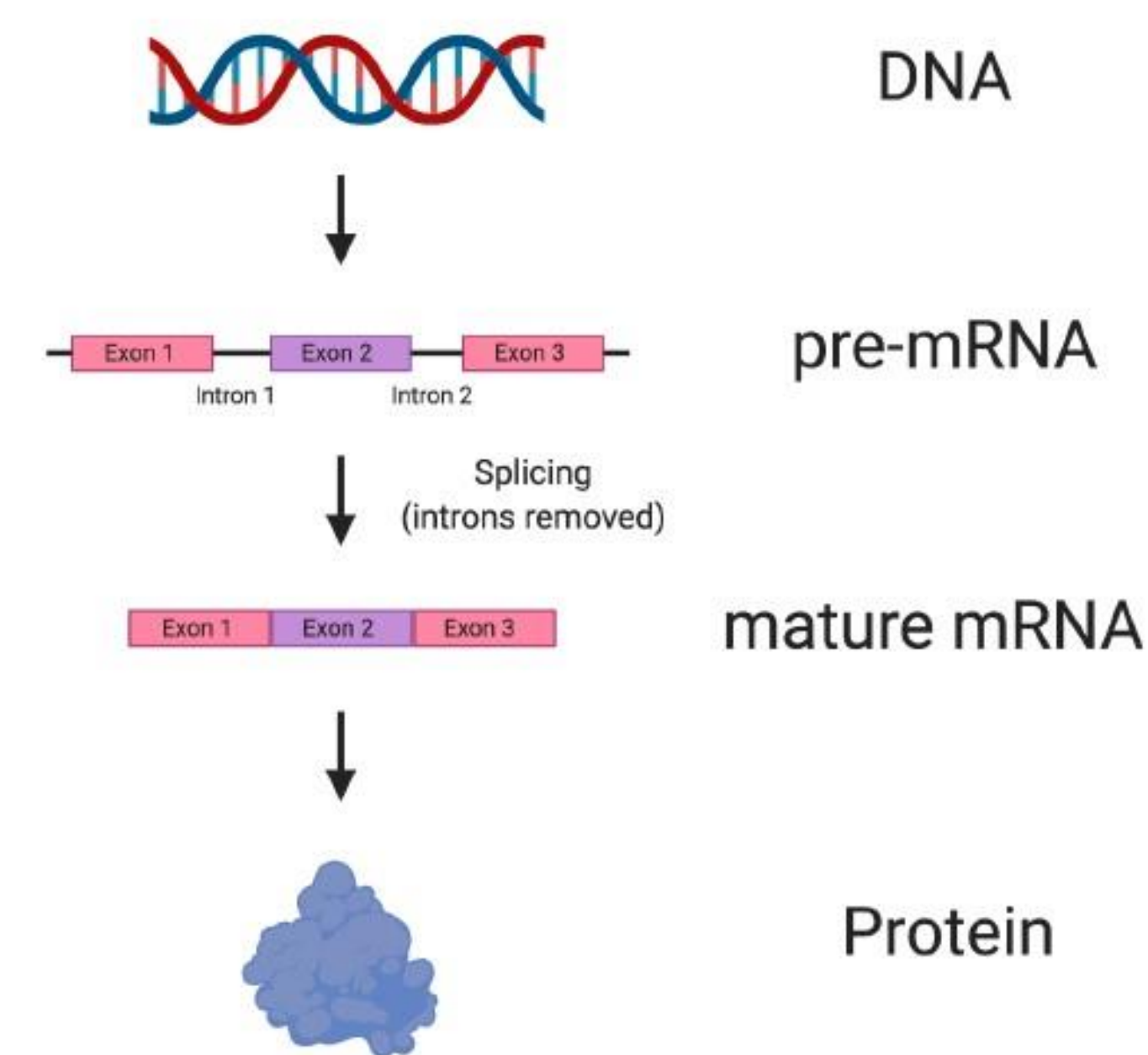


Figure 3. The General Process of Gene Expression (Spinal Muscular Atrophy UK)

## Alternative splicing results in different proteins from the same gene based on exon combination

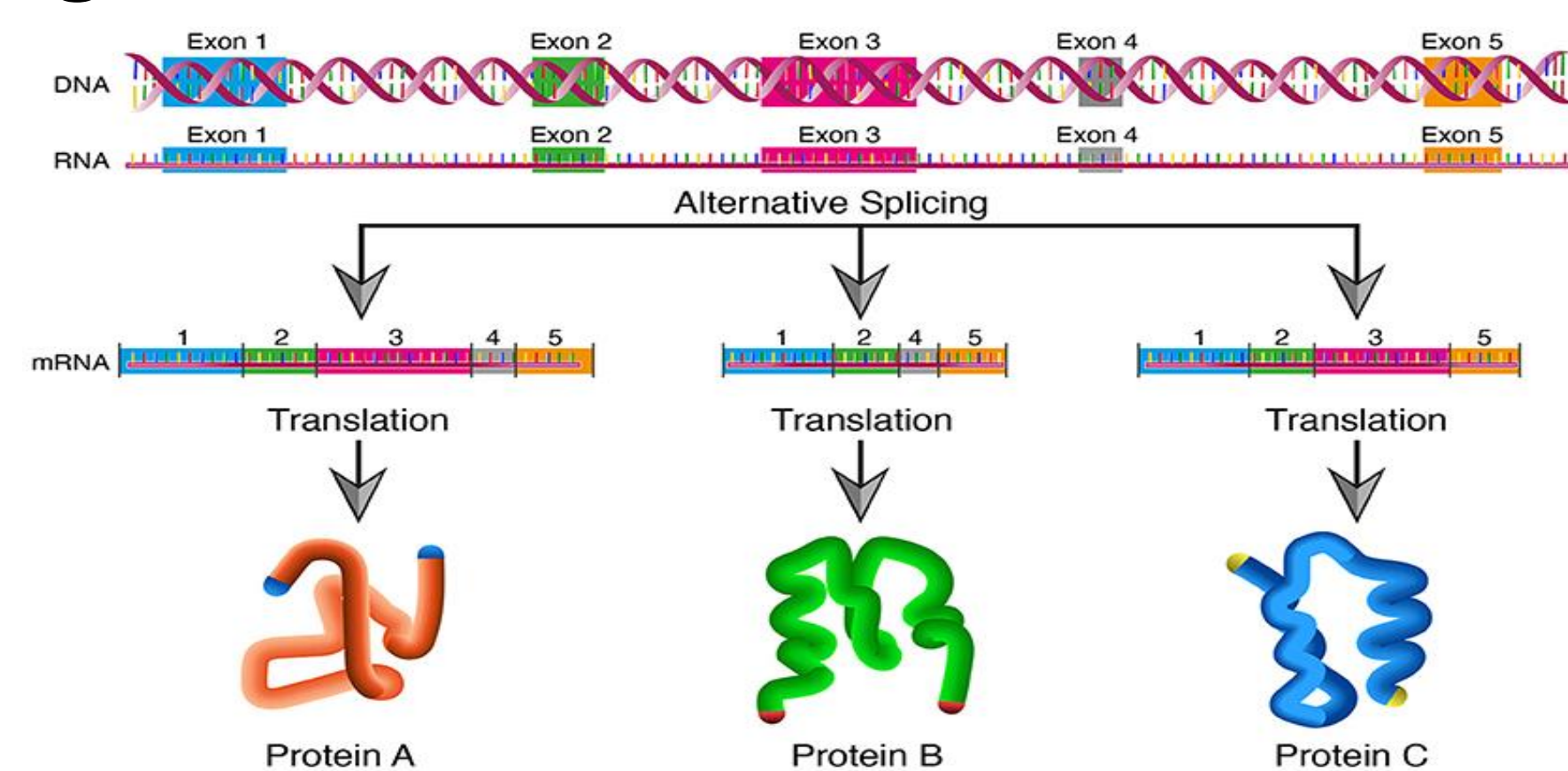


Figure 4. Alternative Splicing of the Same Gene Results in Multiple Different Proteins. (Sharp, 2023)

## CircRNA's are Upregulated in Tauopathies via Back-splicing Events

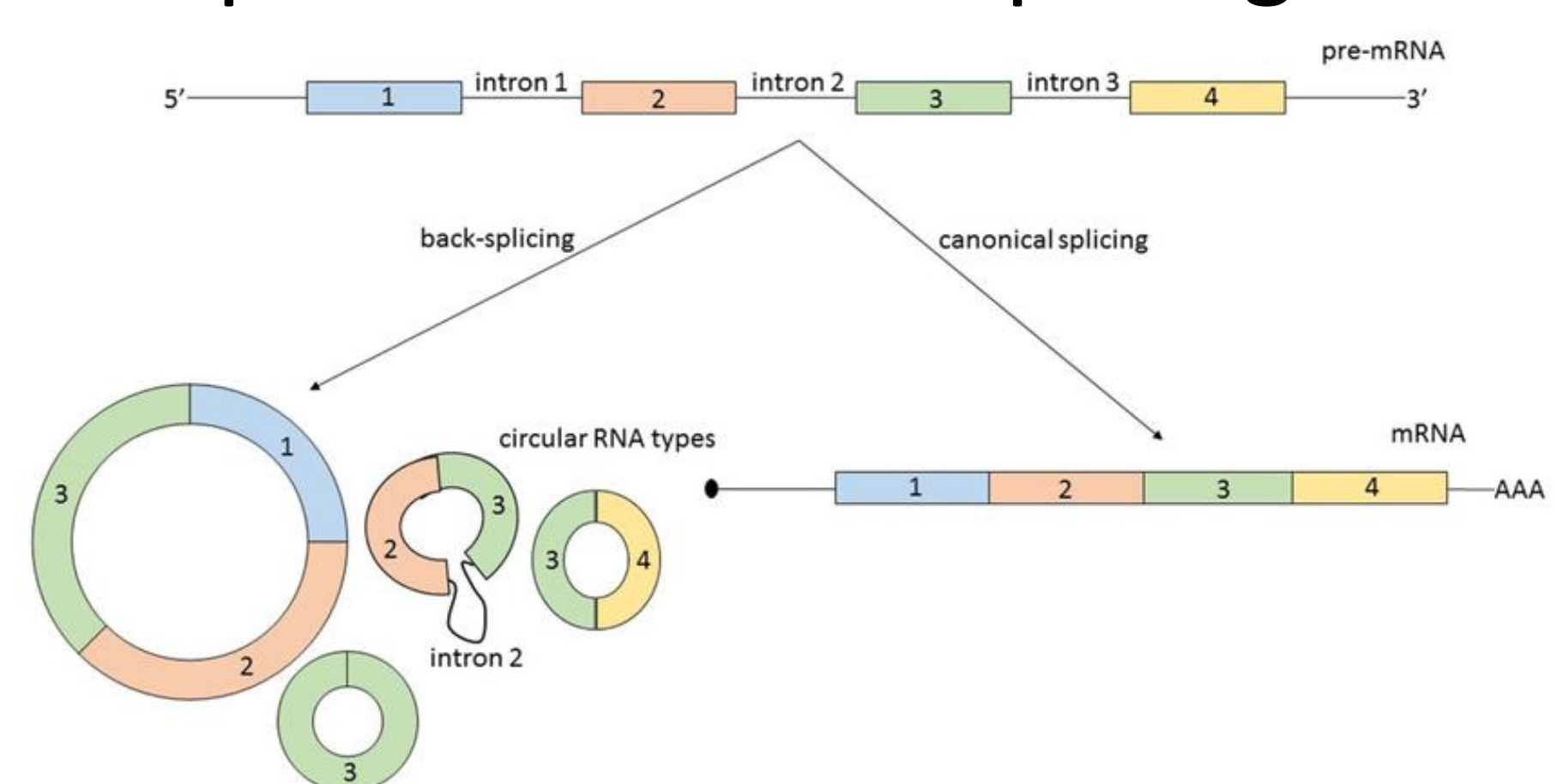


Figure 5. Formation of Types of circRNA and Linear RNA from the Same Gene (Dragomir & Calin, 2018).

**Hypothesis:**  
The overexpression of tau (formation of tau aggregates) disrupts RNA splicing leading to an increase in circRNA formation

## Overexpressing Tau in *Drosophila* through the GAL4 system

- Our study used *Drosophila melanogaster*, fruit flies, to test the effects the overexpression of tau had on circMbl levels.
- Fruit flies are widely used to model human neurological disorder due to their cheap cost, ease of genetic manipulation, and high genetic similarity in neuronal pathways compared to humans.
- Our circRNA of interest, circMbl, is genetically identical between humans and fruit flies.

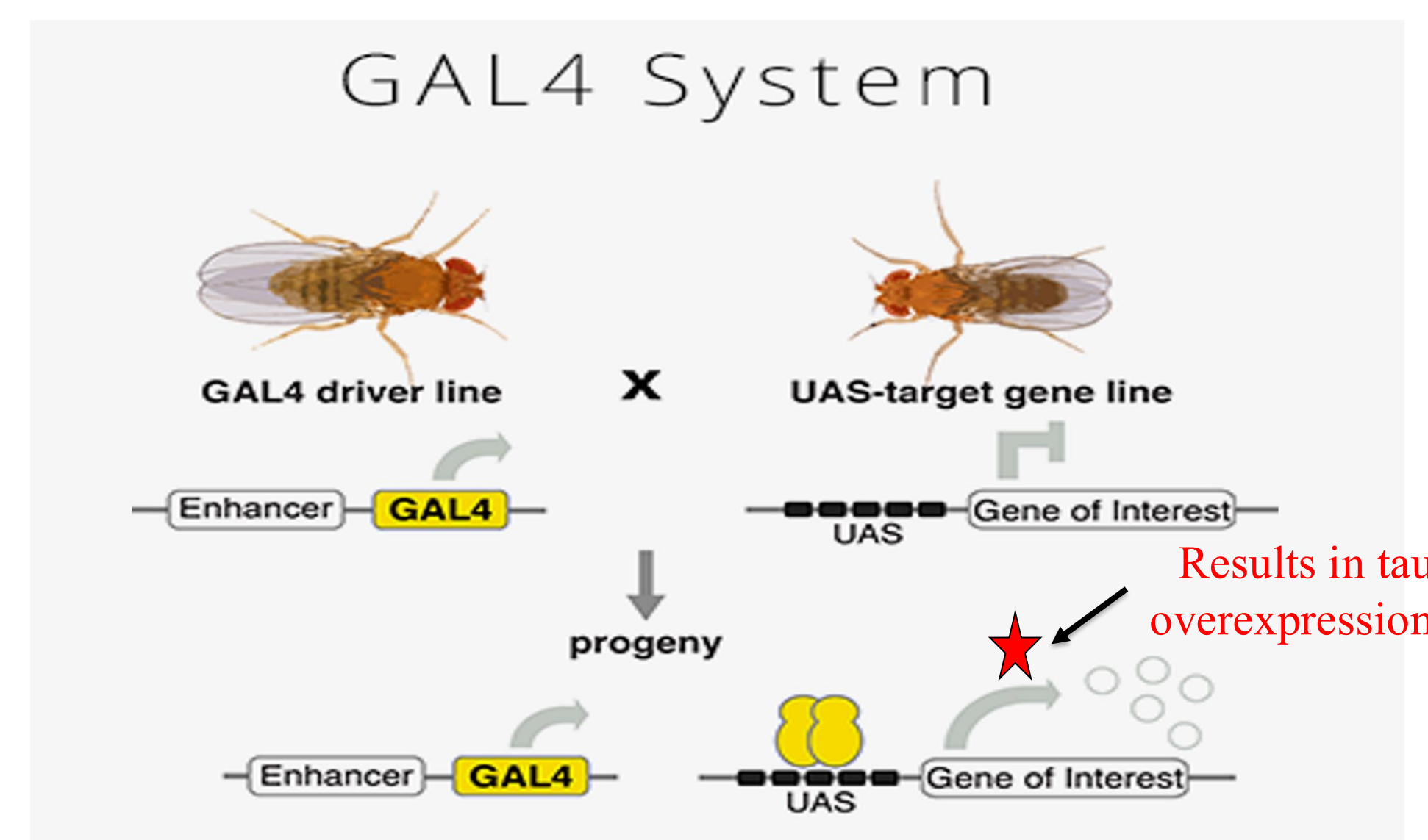


Figure 6. GAL-4 System Used to Overexpress Tau in *Drosophila* (Caygill and Brand, 2016)

## Detection of circMbl through Quantitative Reverse Transcription PCR

- qRT-PCR was used to measure the levels of circMbl in young female and male *Drosophila* head tissue

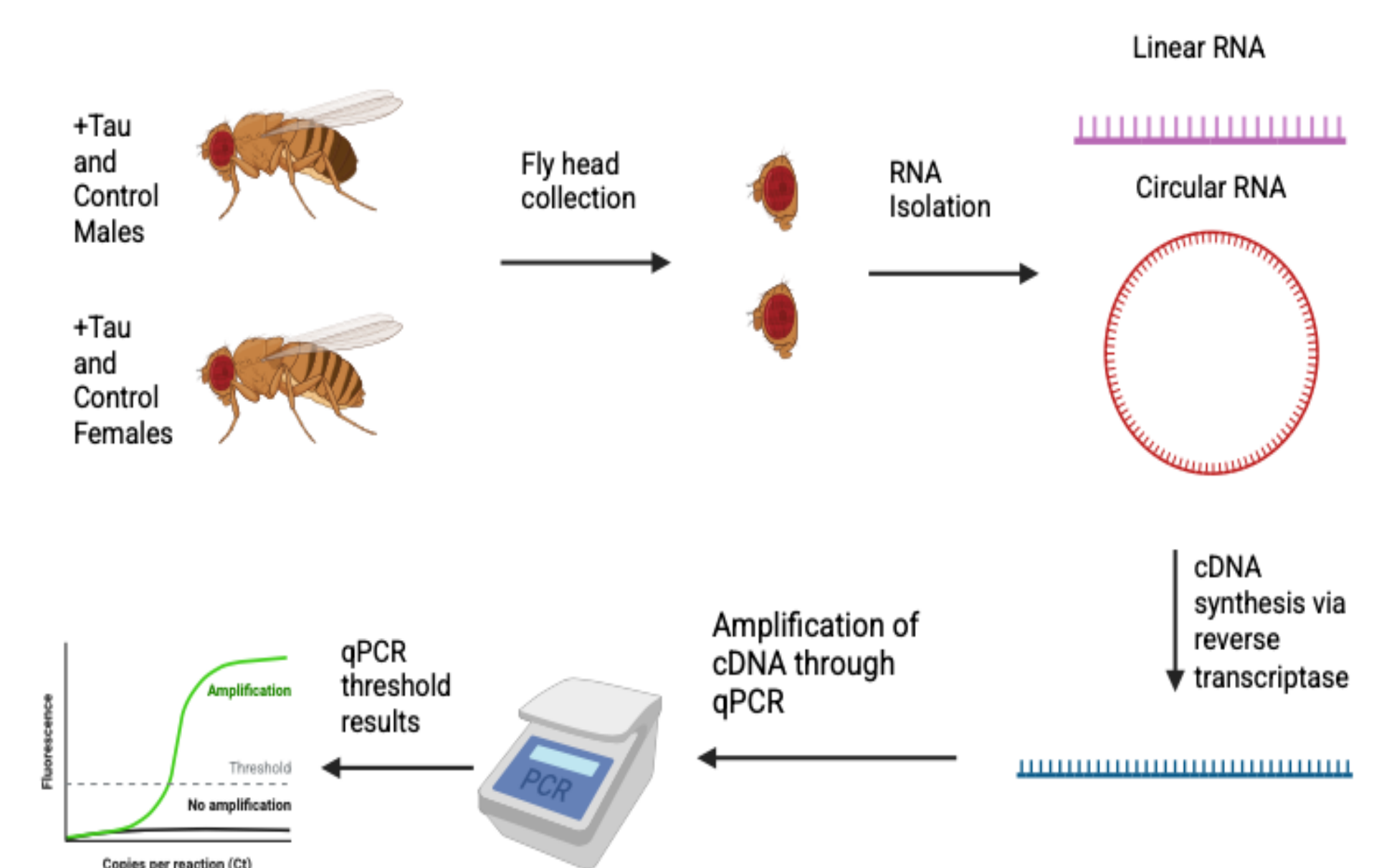


Figure 7. Experimental Workflow Showcasing Fly Head Collection, RNA isolation, cDNA Synthesis and qPCR (Bioender)

## Tau overexpression had no impact on circMbl formation

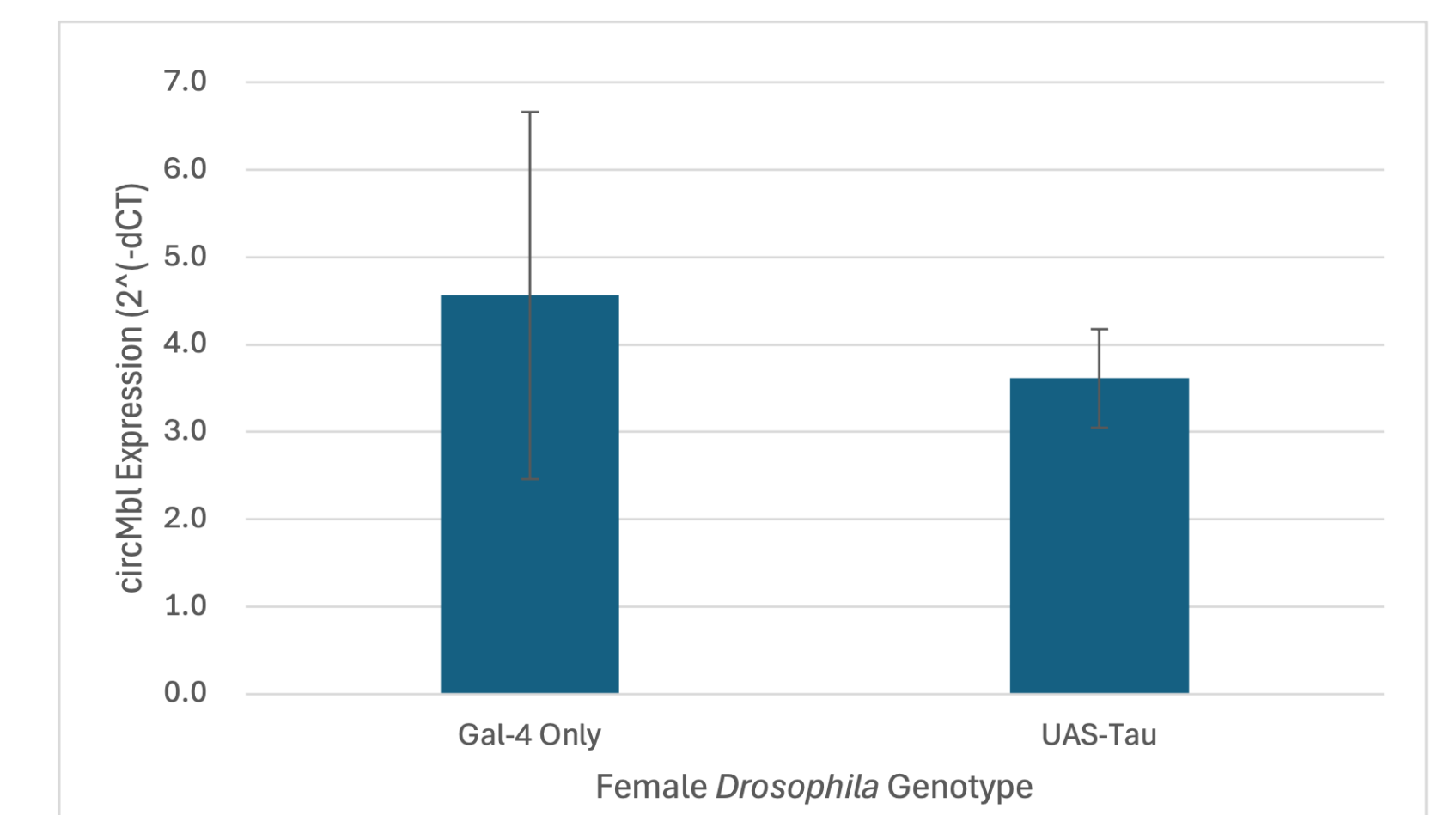


Figure 8. Tau Overexpression Had No Significant Impact on the Levels of circMbl in Female *Drosophila* Head Tissue. circMbl.

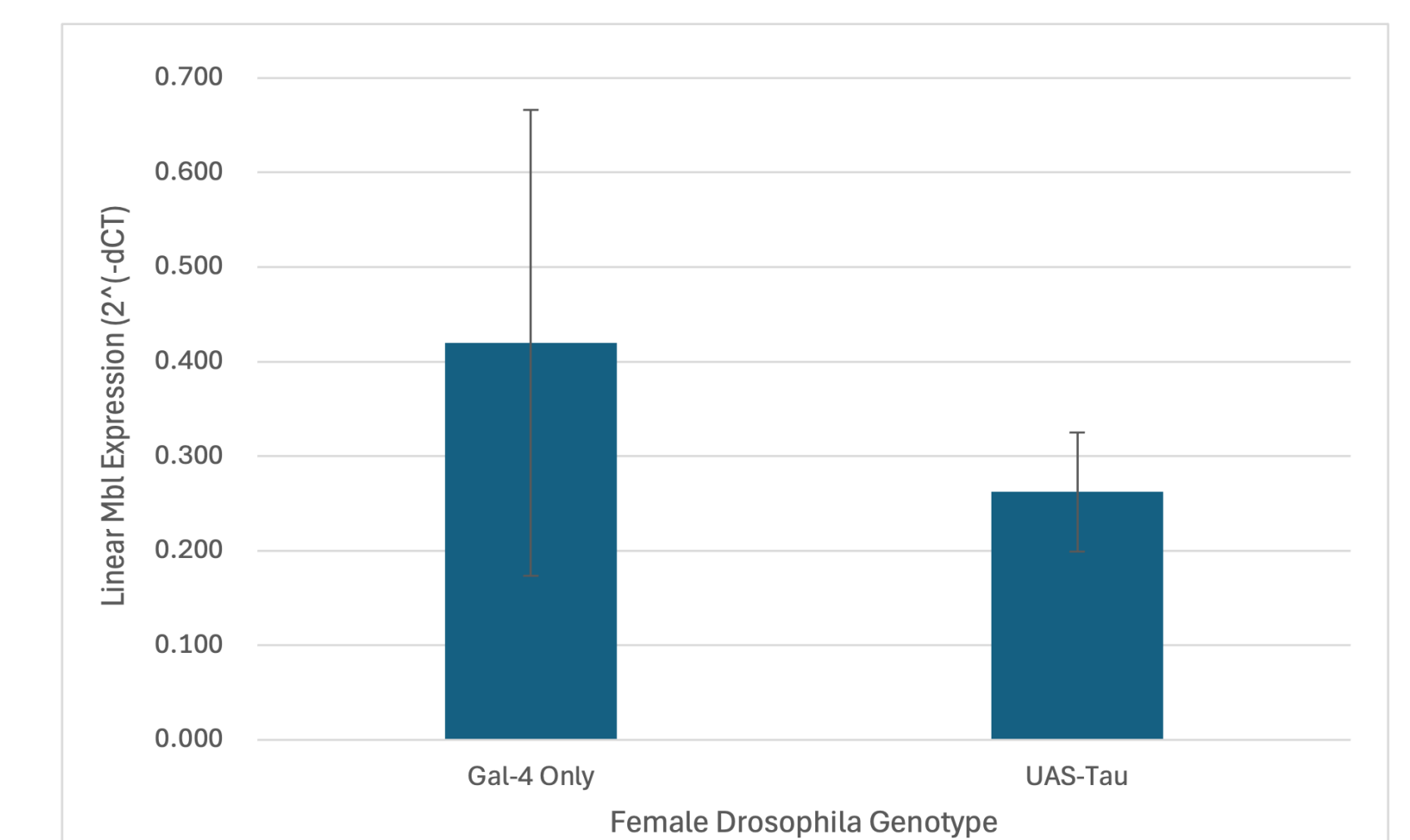


Figure 9. Tau Overexpression Had No Significant Impact on the Levels of Linear Mbl in Female *Drosophila* Head Tissue.

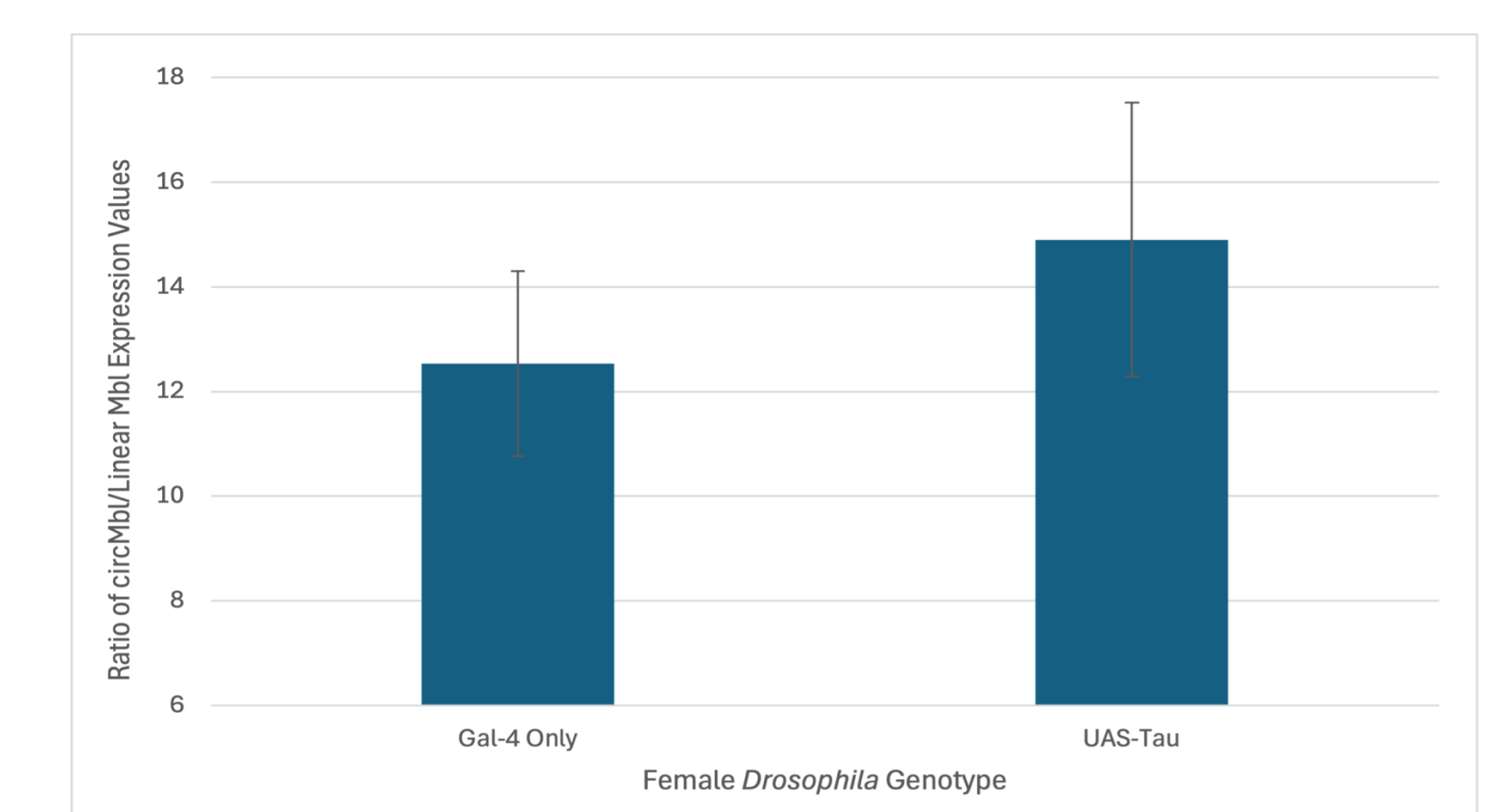


Figure 10. Tau Overexpression Had No Significant Impact on the Ratio of circMbl Expression to Linear Mbl Expression in Female *Drosophila*.

## Conclusion and Future Directions

- Our study did not find significant differences in circMbl expression between the overexpressing tau groups and controls, which did not support the past literature on circRNA formation in tauopathies.
- However, investigating the impact of tau aggregates on RNA splicing could lead to identifying the cause of the neurodegeneration seen in Alzheimer's.
- Future studies should compare the levels of circRNA formation across multiple age points in *Drosophila* due to circRNA's quality of accumulating over time.